



**Essential Question: How are ionic compounds (salts) named?**

Questions:

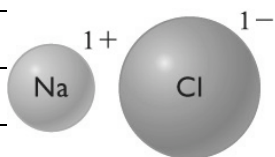
Notes:

**How is the charge on an ion determined?**

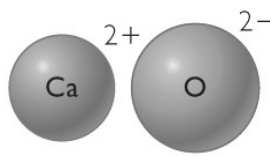
Ion Charges on Main Group Elements

1A	2A	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A	8A
1+ 1 H <sup>+</sup>							2 He
	2+ 3 Li <sup>+</sup>	3+ 4 Be <sup>2+</sup>	4+ (or 4-) 5 B <sup>3+</sup>	3- 6 C <sup>4+</sup>	2- 7 N <sup>3-</sup>	1- 8 O <sup>2-</sup>	9 F <sup>-</sup>
	11 Na <sup>+</sup>	12 Mg <sup>2+</sup>	13 Al <sup>3+</sup>	14 Si <sup>4+</sup>	15 P <sup>3-</sup>	16 S <sup>2-</sup>	17 Cl <sup>-</sup>
	19 K <sup>+</sup>	20 Ca <sup>2+</sup>	31 Ga <sup>3+</sup>	32 Ge <sup>4+</sup>	33 As <sup>3-</sup>	34 Se <sup>2-</sup>	35 Br <sup>-</sup>
							36 Kr

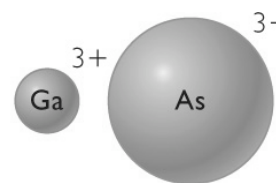
**Rule of Zero Charge:**



Sodium chloride



Calcium oxide

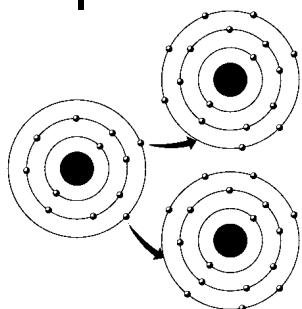


Gallium arsenide

**How do you get zero charge if the atoms have different charges?**

Some More Complex Ionic Compounds

Compound	Metal	Cations	Nonmetal	Anions
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	Mg	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	Cl	Cl <sup>-</sup> Cl <sup>-</sup>
Na <sub>2</sub> O	Na	Na <sup>+</sup> Na <sup>+</sup>	O	O <sup>2-</sup>
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Al	Al <sup>3+</sup> Al <sup>3+</sup>	O	O <sup>2-</sup> O <sup>2-</sup> O <sup>2-</sup>



Magnesium gives up two electrons to form Mg<sup>2+</sup>.

Each chlorine atom accepts one electron to form Cl<sup>-</sup>.

Note that the charges on cations are equal and opposite to charges on anions. For example for aluminum oxide, +3 + 3 - 2 - 2 - 2 = 0. The total charge on the five atoms in the compound adds up to zero.

What are some rules you should follow when predicting the formula for ionic compounds?	•
How can the Criss-Cross Method be used to predict formulas for ionic compounds?	Magnesium (Mg) and nitrogen (N)  Sodium (Na) and chlorine (Cl)

	Compound	Name
	NaCl	sodium chloride
How are ionic compounds named?	MgF <sub>2</sub>	magnesium chloride
	Li <sub>2</sub> S	lithium sulfide
	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	aluminum oxide
	GaP	gallium phosphide

	Compound	Cation	Anion	Name
How are ionic compounds named if an ion with multiple charges is present?	FeO	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	O <sup>2-</sup>	iron(II) oxide
	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	O <sup>2-</sup>	iron(III) oxide

Summary: